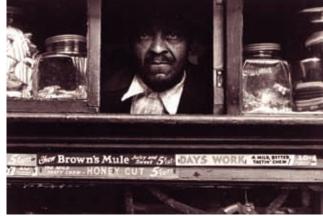
Shout Freedom!

Photo League Selections from the Columbus Museum of Art

The Photo League was a unique, grass-roots collective of amateur and professional photographers who were committed to the transformative power of photography in effecting social change. "Upon the photographer," they proclaimed, "rests the responsibility and duty of recording a true image of the world as it is today." The organization was founded in New York City in 1936, the same year as the launching of the Farm Security Administration (FSA) during President Franklin Roosevelt's New Deal administration. Some of FSA's small band of photographers, including Dorothea Lange,







John Vachon, and Arthur Rothstein, were also actively involved with the Photo League. In some ways, the League was its urban counterpart. Unlike the federally funded and relatively short-lived FSA, however, the Photo League endured for fifteen years until its demise in 1951 as a result of McCarthy-era politics. It was a democratic forum for dialogue, education, technical development, and social interaction and provided the only not-for-profit photography school in the U.S. The League welcomed all, and many who participated, men and women alike, were first-generation immigrants. Shared darkrooms and exhibition spaces offered affordable means to pursue their art as well as to gain exposure at a time, with few exceptions, that predated photography's acceptance in museums and galleries.

Shout Freedom! comprises fifty-five photographs by forty-seven photographers among the hundreds who were active in the Photo League in the early to middle decades of the twentieth-century. All of the works are from the collection of the Columbus Museum of Art (CMA), which has made a commitment to building its Photo League holdings comprehensively and cohesively. Today the collection includes more than 250 works from this under-recognized organization whose members chronicled turbulent chapters in our historyfrom the Great Depression to World War II to the Cold War. **Shout Freedom!** emphatically acknowledges the importance of the Photo League's contribution to our broadening understanding of the twentieth-century American experience.

League Beginnings

The Photo League had its origins in the Workers Film and Photo League, an organization of filmmakers and photographers founded in 1930. By 1933 "Workers" had been dropped from the name. The workers Film and Photo League in turn was affiliated with Workers International Relief, a group active in socialist causes, including the production and distribution of visual propaganda of the working-class to respond to the themes of capitalism favored in Hollywood. Founded by visionary photographers Sid Grossman and Sol Libsohn, the Photo League emerged when the still photographers split from the filmmakers over a division in ideology. Avant-garde filmmakers Paul Strand and Ralph Steiner founded Frontier Films but remained deeply involved with the Photo League throughout its existence. Strand in particular was revered as a mentor, a member of the advisory board, photographer, teacher, lecturer, author, and editor.

Key precedents in American social documentary photography include Jacob Riis and Lewis W. Hine. Riis's ground-breaking exposé How the Other Half Lives





published in 1890, probed tenement life on New York's Lower East Side. Hine's photographs of children factory workers in the first decades of the twentieth century helped bring about child labor reforms. Like Strand, Hine was a highly esteemed role model for Photo Leaguers and until his death in 1940 was a presence at the League. Led by influential teachers Grossman and Aaron Siskind, the League was united under this progressive umbrella in its shared focus on confronting issues of poverty and social injustice. While many active in the League found their subjects in New York City, some reached beyond its urban origins to rural America, South America, and Europe. During World War II especially, many members dispersed; Walter Rosenblum and W. Eugene Smith went to the European theaters where they became acclaimed war photographers; Grossman and Charles Rotkin, among others, went to Central and South America.

Women and the League

In an era that generally did not support women working outside the home, photography drew disproportionate numbers to the professional world. Because the medium lacked status in the fine-art hierarchy perhaps it was more open to women practitioners. Moreover women had historically been associated with social causes. In 1929 publisher Henry Luce hired Margaret Bourke-White as the first female photojournalist for Fortune magazine, and in 1936

Life magazine debuted with her photograph of the Fort Peck Dam on its cover. Concurrently federal funding supported projects such as Berenice Abbott's 1937 photographic record *Changing New York* and the documentary work of Lange and Marion Post-Wolcott for the FSA. The Photo League in particular provided a wide range of opportunities; women actively participated in leadership roles as advisors, members, editors, administrators, guest lecturers, workshop instructors, and teachers. Photo Notes, the League's official newsletter, references some eighty women working in various capacities throughout the organization's existence.

The Red Scare

The League endured across three decades and by its demise, hundreds of photographers had participated in its myriad activities. It was the heart and soul of social documentary photography and had ambitions to grow into a Center for American Photography until U. S. Attorney General Tom C. Clark declared the League a subversive organization in 1947. An increase in membership in the wake of the accusation and the critically acclaimed 1948 group exhibition *This Is the* Photo League were no match for the impact of the blacklist. The 1949 trial of Communist Party officials included the shocking testimony of Angela Calomiris, an FBI informant who had infiltrated the League for seven years. She claimed that its membership included



Communists and was a front for party activities. By 1951 the rising tide of McCarthy-era hysteria had sealed the League's fate and it was forced to disband. The fallout from Cold War paranoia had ruinous and lasting consequences for many members. Careers were dismantled, passports were seized, and Rosalie Gwathmey went so far as to destroy her negatives, fearing that her work might futher impact her husband, painter Robert Gwathmey, who was a frequent target of FBI surveillance.

These photographs are stunning pictorial records and visual stories from our history, as well as striking works whose message transcend the written record. Their immediacy resonates today as a potent voice that alerts us to the present by evoking the past.

Catherine Evans, Chief Curator Columbus Museum of Art



Dan Weiner, Autorama Top Hats, 1950s.

Checklist Unless otherwise indicated all works are vintage gelatin silver prints and bear the credit line: Photo League Collection, Museum Purchase with funds provided by Elizabeth M. Ross, the Derby Fund, John S. and Catherine Chapin Kobacker, and the Friends of the Photo League.

Berenice Abbott American, 1898-1991 Gunsmith, 6 Centre Market Place February 4, 1937 9 1/2 x 7 1/2 inches

2 Alexander Alland American, 1902-89 The Old Bridge 9 5/8 x 7 7/8 inches

3 Lucy Ashjian American, 1907-93 Untitled from Harlem Document About 1936-40 7 x 8 11/16 inches

Marvnn Older Ausubel American, 1912-80 Two Boys Seated on the Steps * About 1940 9 3/8 x 7 3/4 inches Gift of Steven Nordman

5 Lou Bernstein American, 1911-2005 Father and Children on Blanket 16 Martin Elkhort 18 x 22 inches

6 Vivian Cherry American, born 1920 Children in Button Coats 12 1/4 x 10 1/4 inches

Bernard Cole American, born England, 1911-92 Three Children in Stairwell Entrance 7 1/2 x 9 1/2 inches

8 Harold Corsini American, 1919-2008 Union County, Kentucky (Driller's Helper, J. Danrold, Cleans Hands with Waste) September 1944 7 1/2 x 7 7/16 inches

9 Jack Delano American, born Russia, 1914-97 Interior of New FSA Client 20 George Gilbert Edward Gont Home. with One of 11 Children Asleep August 1940 9 7/16 x 7 3/16 inches

10 Jack Delano American, born Russia, 1914-97 Miner at Dougherty's Mine, 21 Leo Goldstein near Falls Creek, Pennsylvania August 1940 9 3/8 x 6 7/8 inches

11 Robert Disrael 1903-88

American, born Germany, Two Girls Looking in Cutlery Shop, New York About 1950 8 x 5 1/2 inches

12 Arnold Eagle American, born Hungary, 1909-92 Railroad Platform, Simpson Sign, New York 8 5/6 x 7 15/16 inches

13 Jeanne Ebstel American, born Jeanne Friedberg, 1905-2000

22 x 18 inches 14 Eliot Elisofon American, 1911-73 Child Bride, Age 15, Memphis, Tennessee

10 3/16 x 13 inches

Eliot Elisofon American, 1911-73 WPA Cleaned This Area... Keep it Clean About 1940 10 3/8 x 13 1/4 inches

American, born 1929 Untitled 8 1/16 x 9 7/8 inches Museum purchase, Derby fund

17 Morris Engel American 1918-2005 10 9/16 x 11 13/16 inches New York City, Coney Island 29 Rebecca Lepkoff

7 1/2 x 9 1/2 inches 8 Morris Engel American, 1918-2005 Harlem Merchant, from Harlem Document,

July 1945

20 1/2 x 16 1/2 inches

Leon Levinstein American, 1910-88 7 3/8 x 9 7/16 inches Brooding Man Godfrey Frankel 22 x 18 inches American, 1912-95

Cody, Wyoming, Heart Mountain 31 Sol Libsohn War Relocation Authority American, 1914-2001 Hester Street 10 9/16 x 13 3/16 inches 9 15/16 x 10 1/16 inches

American, born George Gelberg, 32 Jerome Liebling American, born 1924 American Faces, New York Butterfly Boy, New York 9 5/8 x 9 1/2 inches

33 Jerome Liebling American, 1901-71 American, born 1924 East Harlem Child Cop's Hat (Union Square), New York 6 5/16 x 5 1/16 inches 6 11/16 x 7 9/16 inches

American 1913-55 Couple Embracing, Coney Island About 1947 7 13/16 x 8 3/4 inches

Rosalie Gwathmey American, 1908-200 Shout Freedom 1948 or later 7 7/8 x 6 11/16 inches

> Rosalie Gwathmey American, 1908-200 Charlotte, North Carolina 7 1/2 x 9 1/8 inches

Morris Huberland American, born Germany, 1909-2003 Bread Line Late 1930s 6 13/16 x 7 5/16 inches

N. Jay Jaffee American, 1921-99 Chair with Sign, East New York, Brooklyn 9 3/8 x 6 13/16 inches

Sidney Kerner American, born 1920 Mother and Child. Washington, D.C. 10 5/8 x 14 inches

Rebecca Lepkoff American, born 1916 Lower East Side

American, born 1916

7 9/16 x 9 3/8 inches

Just for Two Now

Ruth Orkin American, 1921-85 Outdoor Concert, Lewisohn Stadium, New York City 7 5/16 x 9 5/8 inches

34 Jack Manning

American, born Jack

Mendelsohn, 1920-2003

Street Cleaning House,

New York City from

Harlem Document

8 1/2 x 7 11/16 inches

American, born Austria

They Honor Their Sons

American, born 1920

5 7/8 x 3 15/16 inches

Marvin E. Newman

1951, printed later

7 5/8 x 9 1/2 inches

American, 1921-85

About 1950

20 x 16 inches

Gift of Steven Nordman

Best's at Scarf Counter, New York

American, born 1927

Halloween, South Side

Fifth Avenue and 23rd Street,

About 1939

Lisette Model

About 1940-42

9 7/8 x 13 inches

1901-1983

Lida Moser

New York

38 Ruth Orkin

Violet Greene of West 127th

40 Marion Palfi American, born Germany, 1907-78 There is No More Time -Wife of the Lynch Victim 1949, printed later 21 x 17 inches

41 Sol Prom American, born Solomon Fabricant, 1906-89 Bowery, New York 7 1/2 x 8 1/8 inches

> **David Robbins** American, 1912-81 Antiwar Demonstration About 1941 20 x 16 inches

Walter Rosenblum American, 1919-2006 D-Day Morning, Omaha Beach 21 x 17 inches

44 Walter Rosenblum American, 1919-2006 Prisoners, D-Day Morning, Normandy Beach 7 11/16 x 9 5/8 inches

45 Joe Schwartz

American, born 1913 Sullivan Midget 2, Greenwich Village About 1939 16 x 20 inches

46 Aaron Siskind American, 1903-1991 Untitled from Harlem Document, The Most Crowded Block in the World About 1940 13 1/8 x 10 3/8 inches

47 W. Eugene Smith American, 1918 Soldier with Canteen Saipan, WWII 13 1/4 x 10 7/16 inches Gift of Richard M. and Elizabeth M. Ross

48 Ralph Steiner American, 1899-1986 Two Cars About 1935 9 1/2 x 7 5/8 inches

49 Louis Stettner American, born 1922 Men Looking at Concentric Circles, New York 16 x 20 inches

50 Erika Stone American, born Erika Klopfer, Germany, 1924 Lower East Side Façade 10 1/2 x 13 1/4 inches

51 Weegee (Arthur Fellig) American, born Usher Fellig, Poland 1899-1968 Manuelda Hernandez Holds Manuel Jiminez in Her Lap July 30, 1941 10 3/8 x 13 3/16 inches

52 Dan Weiner American, 1919-59 Autorama Top Hats 8 15/16 x 13 9/16 inches

53 Sandra Weiner American, born Sandra Smith. Poland, 1921 East 26th Street 1948, printed later 6 3/16 x 9 3/8 inches

54 Bill Witt American, born 1921 The Eye, Lower East Side, New York 7 7/16 x 8 3/16 inches

55 Max Yavno American, 1911-58 Muscle Beach, Santa Monica 7 7/16 x 9 1/2 inches

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Itinerary:

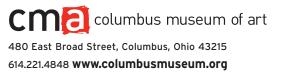
August 26 - November 7, 2010 January 21 - March 20, 2011 May 21 - September 4, 2011

Muskegon Museum of Art, MI Ball State University Museum of Art, Muncie, IN Cedar Rapids Museum of Art, IA



Lucy Ashijan. Untitled from Harlem Document, about 1936-40.

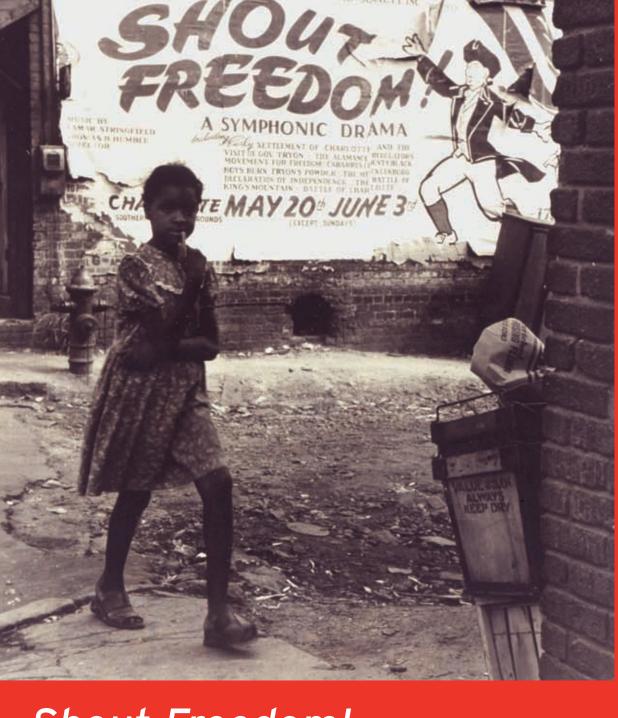
Shout Freedom! is organized by the Columbus Museum of Art and Arts Midwest. The national tour of this exhibition has been made possible through American Masterpieces support from the National Endowment for the Arts.



Cover image: Rosalie Gwathmey, Shout Freedom, 1948 or later.







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